# Business Analysis Project

Session 8- Assignment Guidelines

**Andre Samuel** 

## Assignment Criteria

- 1. Research on industry sector and selected organisation, referencing (10 marks)
- 2. Detailed financial analysis, including financial spreadsheet modelling of recommended strategy options (15 marks)
- 3. Analysis, interpretation and discussion of strategic issues (30 marks)
- 4. An appraisal of the limitations of financial models and conventional analysis (10 marks)
- 5. Conclusions and Recommendations (20 marks)
- 6. Quantitative Modelling Recommended Strategy (15 marks)

### Report Structure

- 1. Introduction
- 2. Analysis of Current Financial Performance
- 3. Analysis of Strategic Issues
- 4. Conclusions
- 5. Recommendations
- Limitations of financial models and conventional analysis

#### 1. Introduction

- Give an introduction of industry of choice
- Give an overview of industry forecast, next 3 years, you can use expert reports e.g. Bloomberg, Yahoo finance, Marketline
- Choice of Organization- give brief overview of business, vision, mission, objectives and their current strategy
- Choice of Benchmarking Organization- state the 2 organization and justify why they were chosen e.g. similar or best if class

# 2. Analysis of Current Financial Performance

- Select Financial Indicator (Ratios) See next slide.
- Calculate for Focus Org and 2 Benchmark Org for a 3 year period
- Use an Excel Spreadsheet to do calculation. Place in appendix
- You can use sub sections for the discussion e.g.
   Profitability, Liquidity, Working Capital

Present Ratios using a dashboard with graphs and

charts

Schen Rev.

KPT

Anhul

School 3

Anhul

Anhul

School 3

Anhul

Anhul

School 3

Anhul

Anhul

School 3

Anhul

An

- Narrative analysis is needed, discuss performance over the last 3 years
  - Are we meeting targets?
  - What is the trend? Increasing/decreasing?
  - What is the % change? Positive/negative?
  - Make sure to include a comparison to the 2 Benchmark
     Org
- Summary of Key Financial Issues- here you present the gaps i.e. areas of weak performance.

# Ellis, J and Williams D (1993), Competitive Strategy and Financial Analysis, Pitman, page 235

	Ratio	How calculated	Interpretation
	Overall		
	Performance		
	Gross profit	Turnover minus direct costs of making product or providing a service	
	Operating Profit	Gross profit minus operating costs	Shows whether operation is financially sustainable
	Return on Capital Employed %	Operating profit / Average capital employed x 100	Provides an overall measure of corporate performance
	Net Profit Margin %	Operating profit / Turnover x 100	Describes the % profit for each £ turnover after direct & indirect expenses have been deducted
	Asset Turnover (X)	Turnover / Average capital employed	Shows how many times sales generated from the capital employed
	Working Capital		
adios	Stock Turnover (X)	Cost of sales / Stocks	Indicates how many times stocks are being turned over in a year
uingı	Debtor Turnover ( X )	Turnover / Trade debtors	Number of times trade debtors are rotated in a year
Quanting ratios	Working Capital to Turnover ratio %	(Stocks + trade debtors – trade creditors) / Turnover x 100	Provides a measure of the overall working capital needs of the company. High ratios suggest working capital needs are greater.
	Debt Ratios		
	Gearing Ratio %	Total borrowings / Capital employed x 100	Measures extent of borrowings in relation to capital employed.
	Debt–equity ratio %	Total borrowings / Shareholders' funds x 100	Relates total debt to shareholders' funds to indicate how company is financed.
fics	Interest Cover (X)	Profit on ordinary activities before interest / Interest paid	How many times profits cover interest payments. A measure of the ability to service debt.
1 2	Liquidity Ratios		
Financial ratios	Current Ratio (X)	Current assets / Current liabilities	How many times current assets cover current liabilities
Fire	Acid test (X)	Current assets less stocks / Current liabilities	Current ratio less stocks. A more stringent test of liquidity

### 3. Analysis of Strategic Issues

- Maximum 2 models
- 3.1 PESTLE Analysis
  - Discuss each factor individually
  - Use evidence to support claims
  - Present summary table of PEST factors for Organization

Political	Economic	Social	Technology	
• X	• X	• X	• X	
• Y	• Y	• Y	• Y	

- Identify the Key Driving Forces. Use a diagram to present
- Must discuss the impact and implications of the key driving forces to the Organization and Industry
- Summarise using ETOP Analysis. See Next Slide for example.

#### Example ETOP analysis

Macro-environmental Influential impact					
factor Issues	Oppo: Major	rtunities Minor	Thr Major	eats Minor	Conclusion Implication
Political issues Political climate A trend of political reform in pursuit of democracy	×				Greater freedoms, security and a reduction of political risk
Legal system based on French civil and customary legal systems		×			Standard practice throughout the region
Support to international business Investment codes in the region guarantee uniform rights for national and foreign businesses and the freedom to transfer capital, resources and salaries	×				Secure environment for international investors

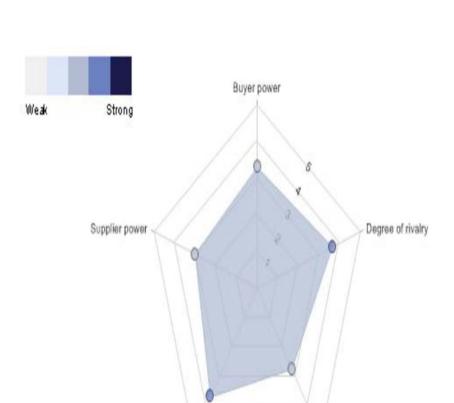
Instead of X you Could use a score -5 to 5 to represent Threat/Opportunity and its impact. – scores would be threat, + scores would be opportunity.

#### 3.2 Five Forces Analysis

- Use a Quantitative analysis
- Discuss each factor individually
- For each Force identify the key influencing factors
- Use Radar Chart for each Force. See example below
- Must discuss the impact and implications of the key influencing factors to the Organization and Industry

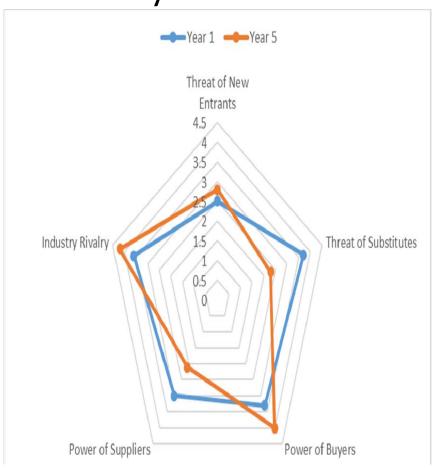


 Present overall Radar chart for Five Forces



Substitutes

 Present Radar chart for next 3-5 years

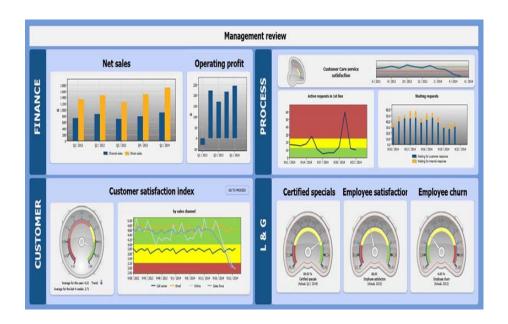


Must provide a discussion of the key driving forces of competition and its impact on the organization

New entrants

#### • 3.3 Balance Scorecard

- Select industry specific KPI
- Present dashboard of KPI's
- Benchmark if possible
- Write discussions on the performance of the organization
- Are we meeting targets?
- What is the trend? Increasing/decreasing?
- RAG Status?





#### 3.4 Summary of Strategic Issues

- Provide a brief discussion of the key issues arising out of the PEST, Five Forces, Balance Scorecard analysis
- Use:
  - ETOP analysis and Key Driving Forces Diagram
  - Five Forces Overall and next 3-5 years Radar Chart
  - Balance Scorecard dashboard
  - to get the key points

#### 4. Conclusions

- must link strongly with the earlier parts of the report and pull together your findings
- restate the key issues that you have identified and your major findings
- Use the summary of Key Financial Issues
- Use the summary of key Strategic Issues

#### 5. Recommendations

- Based on the analysis and conclusions, you must now recommend an appropriate Strategic Option for the Focus Organization
- It must address these key issues and major findings

#### • 5.1 Strategic Choice

- Present the Strategic Options- using appropriate models e.g. Porter's Competitive Strategy, Bowman's Strategic Clock, Ansoff Matrix, BCG Matrix etc.
- Narrow down to 2 or 3 options
- Evaluate and Choose ONE
- Could use a Decision Tree Analysis or Weighted Rank Analysis for the selection

#### • 5.2 Modelling of Strategic Choice

- You must model your recommendations in the financial spreadsheet model from section 2
- make some assumptions on costs, sales etc. and input these to the model
- State these assumptions
- Add the prediction for the next 3 years (Sensitivity Analysis)
- Calculate new financial ratios for the next 3 years
- Print spreadsheet in body
- 5.3 Suitability, Acceptability and Feasibility
  - discuss and interpret the financial and other outcomes of your recommendations

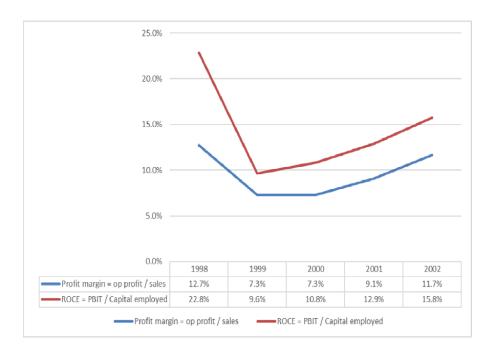
#### **5.3.1 Suitability**

- Assess strategic fit. Discuss whether or not the new strategy:
- Will exploit the opportunities in the environment and avoid the threats?
- Will capitalise on the organisation's strengths and strategic capabilities and avoid or remedy the weaknesses?
- Use Ranking to demonstrate suitability against key strategic factors. See example below.

Score: 0-5)	Take A	Lu	mits-	1e	
Strategies	<u>S</u>	0	thatenk	Theely	Save
1. MKt Peretahi	2	4	1	5	12
2. Prod Dew	4	3	2	Y.	16

#### 5.3.2 Acceptability

- Conduct a Cost Benefit Analysis- Spreadsheet
- Calculate: Payback period, Net Present Value, Internal Rate of Return
- Place CBA spreadsheet in appendix- showing above calculations
- Discuss Payback period, NPV, IRR results in body
- Use the new financial ratios from modelling spreadsheet
- Present new Ratios using a new dashboard with graphs and charts for the next 3 years in body
- Narrative analysis is needed, discuss projected performance for the next 3 years
  - What is the trend? Increasing/decreasing?
  - What is the % change? Positive/negative?
- Is the new strategy Acceptable?



## Summary- Criteria for Acceptability

Criteria	To Understand	Examples	Limitations			
Return						
Profitability	Financial return on investments	ROCE Payback period DCF	Apply to discrete projects Only tangible costs/benefits			
Cost-benefit	Wider costs/benefits (incl. intangibles)	Major infrastructure projects	Difficulties of quantification			
Real options	Sequence of decisions	Real options analysis	Quantification			
Shareholder value analysis	Impact on shareholder value	Mergers and acquisitions	Technical detail often difficult			
Risk						
Financial ratio projections	Robustness of strategy	Break-even analysis Impact on gearing/ liquidity				
Sensitivity analysis	Test assumptions/ robustness	What if? analysis	Tests factors separately			
Stakeholder reactions						
	Political dimension	Stakeholder mapping Game theory	Largely qualitative			

#### • 5.3.3 Feasibility

- Do the resources and competences currently exist to implement the strategy effectively?
- If not, can they be obtained?
- Need to consider:
  - The funding required.
  - Cash flow analysis and forecasting.
  - Financial strategies needed for the different 'phases' of the life cycle of a business.

# 6. Limitations of financial models and conventional analysis

- You need to critiques the PEST and Five Forces model
- Please see:
  - Lynch- Strategic Management
  - Johnson and Scholes et al Exploring Corporate Strategy
- 6.1 Critique of PEST
- 6.2 Critique of Five Forces